Basic device

Overview



The entire SIPROCESS GA700 device is configured in a modular fashion and consists of a basic unit and at least one – maximum two – analyzer modules. It can optionally be fitted with up to two interfaces modules (option modules).

Benefits

The basic unit provides:

- · Transmission and evaluation of measurement results
- · Display and transmission of device parameters
- Operation (parameterization, configuration)

In addition to the analyzer modules, the basic unit contains the interfaces for the peripherals.

Application

Application areas

Depending on the analyzer modules installed, the device is predominantly used in the following sectors:

- Chemical industry
- Petrochemicals
- Steel
- Cement
- Power generation
- Environmental protection

Design

19" rack unit

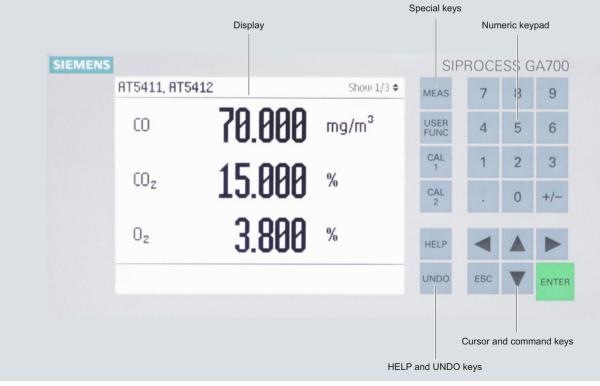
- 19" rack unit with 3 height units (HU) for installation
 - in hinged frames
 - in cabinets with or without telescopic rails
- Gas connections for sample gas inlet and outlet: for pipe diameter 6 mm or 1/4"
- Purging gas connections 10 mm and 3/8" (optional)

Wall-mounted device

- Gas connections for sample gas inlet and outlet: Pipe union for pipe diameter 6 mm or 1/4" (directly on the analyzer modules)
- Purging gas connections (optional), purging gas connection for 6 mm or 1/4" hose (optional)

Display and operator panel

- · LCD panel for simultaneous display of:
- Measured value
- Status line
- Measuring ranges
- Menu-driven operation for parameterization, test functions, adjustment
- Operator support in plain text
- Operating software (11 languages)



Display and operator panel of the SIPROCESS GA700 devices

Basic device

Inputs and outputs

- 8 digital inputs, designed for 24 V, potential-free, freely configurable (e.g. for measurement range switchover, processing of external signals from sample preparation)
- 8 relay outputs, with changeover contacts, freely configurable (e.g. for faults, maintenance requests, limit alarms, external solenoid valves)
- Ethernet connection contained in the basic unit (connection on the rear side, Ethernet RJ 45, 100 MBit)
- Service interface (front side); Ethernet RJ 45, 100 MBit.

Interface modules

• Option module 2.1:

one analog output per measured component (max. 6, 0 to 20 mA, 4 to 20 mA or parameter assignment in accordance with NAMUR), plus 6 digital outputs

Function

Essential characteristics

- Measuring range identification
- · Storage of measured values possible during adjustments
- Four freely parameterizable measuring ranges, also with suppressed zero point
- · Autoranging possible; remote switching is also possible
- Wide range of selectable time constants (static/dynamic noise suppression); i.e. the response time of the analyzer can be matched to the respective measuring task
- Measuring point switchover for up to 12 measuring points (programmable)
- Parameterizable measuring point identification
- Automatic, parameterizable measuring range calibration
- · Operation based on the NAMUR recommendation
- Three control levels with their own authorization codes for the prevention of accidental and unauthorized operator interventions
- Simple handling using a numerical membrane keyboard and operator prompting
- Customer-specific analyzer options such as:
 - Customer acceptance - TAG labels

Эл. почта: sai@nt-rt.ru || Сайт: http://simat.nt-rt.ru

Basic device

Technical specifications

19" rack unit

General information		
Operating position	Horizontal	
Conformity	CE mark in accordance with EN 50081-1 and EN 50082-2	
Design, enclosure		
Weight without module	8.6 kg	
Degree of protection	IP20 according to EN 60529	
Electrical characteristics		
Power supply	100 to 240 V AC (nominal range of use 85 to 264 V), 50 to 60 Hz (nomi- nal range of use 47 to 63 Hz)	
Power consumption	280 VA max.	
EMC interference immunity (electromagnetic compatibility)	In accordance with the standard requirements of NAMUR NE21 (05/ 2006) and EN 61326-1 (01/2008)	
Electrical safety	In accordance with EN 61010-1, overvoltage category II	
Electrical inputs and outputs		
Relay outputs	8, with changeover contacts, can be freely parameterized, e.g. for mea- suring range identification; max. load: 24 V AC/DC/40 W (total load for all 8 relay outputs in continuous operation max. 160 W), potential- free, non-sparking	
Digital inputs	8, designed for 24 V, potential-free, can be freely parameterized, e.g. for measurement range switchover	
Analog output	0/4 20 mA, potential-free	
Ethernet interface (rear)	Ethernet RJ 45, 100 MBit	
Service interface (front)	Ethernet RJ 45, 100 MBit	
Option module 2.1	6 analog outputs, 0/4 to 20 mA, potential-free; maximum load 750 Ω and 6 additional relay outputs, load- ing capacity: 24 V AC/DC/40 W, potential-free, non-sparking	
Climatic conditions		
Permissible operating altitude	3 000 m above sea level	
Permissible ambient temperature (with one module; application-depen- dent with two modules)	 -30 +70 °C during storage and transportation 0 50 °C during operation with one or two OXYMAT 7 analyzer modules 	
	Ventilation slits must not be covered (recommended minimum upward clearance from the next device when installing 2 analyzer modules and at maximum ambient tempera- ture: min. 1 HU)	
Permissible humidity	< 90 % RH (RH: relative humidity), during storage and transportation	

< 90 % RH (RH: relative humidity), during storage and transportation (dew point must not be undershot)

Permissible humidity

General information		
Operating position	Vertical	
Conformity	CE mark in accordance with EN 50081-1 and EN 50082-2	
Design, enclosure		
Weight without module	23 kg	
Degree of protection	IP65 in accordance with EN 60529, restricted breathing enclosure to EN 50021	
Electrical characteristics		
Power supply	100 to 240 V AC (nominal range of use 85 to 264 V), 50 to 60 Hz (nomi nal range of use 47 to 63 Hz)	
Power consumption	280 VA max.	
EMC interference immunity (electro- magnetic compatibility)	In accordance with the standard requirements of NAMUR NE21 (05/ 2006) and EN 61326-1 (01/2008)	
Electrical safety	In accordance with EN 61010-1, overvoltage category II	
Gas inlet conditions		
Purging gas pressure Permanent 	< 100 hPa above atmospheric pres	
For short periods	165 hPa above atmospheric pres- sure	
Electrical inputs and outputs		
Relay outputs	8, with changeover contacts, can be freely parameterized, e.g. for mea- suring range identification; max. load: 24 V AC/DC/40 W (total load for all 8 relay outputs in continuous operation max. 160 W), potential- free, non-sparking	
Digital inputs	8, designed for 24 V, potential-free, can be freely parameterized, e.g. fo measurement range switchover	
Analog output	0/4 20 mA, potential-free	
Ethernet interface (bottom)	Ethernet RJ 45, 100 MBit	
Service interface (bottom)	Ethernet RJ 45, 100 MBit	
Option module 2.1	6 analog outputs, 0/4 to 20 mA, potential-free; maximum load 750 Ω and 6 additional relay outputs, load ing capacity: 24 V AC/DC/40 W, potential-free, non-sparking	
Climatic conditions		
Permissible operating altitude	3 000 m above sea level	
Permissible ambient temperature (with one module; application-depen- dent with two modules)	 -30 +65 °C during storage and transportation 0 50 °C during operation with one or two QXYMAT 7 applyzer 	

 0 ... 50 °C during operation with one or two OXYMAT 7 analyzer modules

< 90 % RH (RH: relative humidity), during storage and transportation (dew point must not be undershot)

Basic device

Selection and ordering data	Order No.	
SIPROCESS GA700 ¹⁾	7MB3000-	Cannot be combined
Basic unit versions		
Rack unit enclosure	0	0
Wall housing	3	
Module, installation position 1		
Without	x	x
OXYMAT 7	D	
Module, installation position 2		
Without	x	
OXYMAT 7	D	b
Gas management (only with AM, with hoses)		
No gas management, dummy plate without purging gas connection	0	
No gas management, dummy plate with purging gas connection (on request)		
Option module 1		
Without	0	
Option module 2		
Without	0	
Option module 2.1 (6 analog outputs and 6 digital outputs)	2	
Ex version		
Standard, set-up in non-hazardous zone	А	
Standard, set-up in non-hazardous zone with purging gas connection (wall structure)	В	₿
Туре		
Standard	0	
1)		

¹⁾ Compact operating instructions 1 must always be selected when ordering.

Selection and ordering data	
Additional versions	Order code
Add "-Z" to Order No. and specify order code	
TAG labels (specific inscription based on customer information)	B03
Device name,(plain text)	Y01
Compact operating instructions 1 (must always be selected when ordering)	
• German	L50
• English	L51
French	L52
• Italian	L53
• Spanish	L54
Chinese (Simplified)	L55
Portuguese (Brazilian)	L56
• Russian	L57
• Korean	L58
• Japanese	L59
Compact operating instructions 2 (selectable as option)	
• German	L75
• English	L76
• French	L77
• Italian	L78
• Spanish	L79
Chinese (Simplified)	L80
Portuguese (Brazilian)	L81
• Russian	L82
• Korean	L83
• Japanese	L84

Ordering examples

OXYMAT 7 module in rack unit enclosure "Example1" 7MB3000-0DX00-2AA0-Z + Y01 "Example1" 7MB3020-0AD00-0AA0-Z + Y01 "Example1" OXYMAT 7 module in wall housing "Example2" 7MB3000-3DX00-2AA0-Z + Y01 "Example2" 7MB3020-0AD00-0AA0-Z + Y01 "Example2"

Basic device

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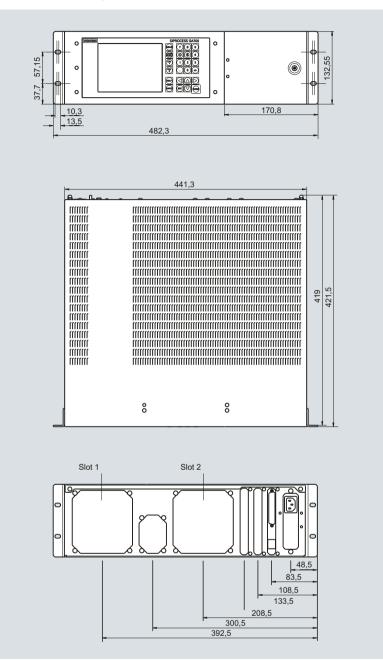
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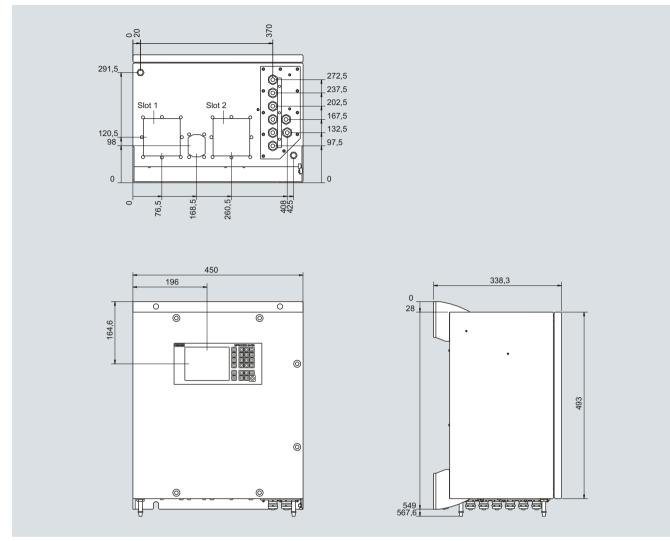
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Dimensional drawings



SIPROCESS GA700, rack unit, dimensions in mm

Basic device

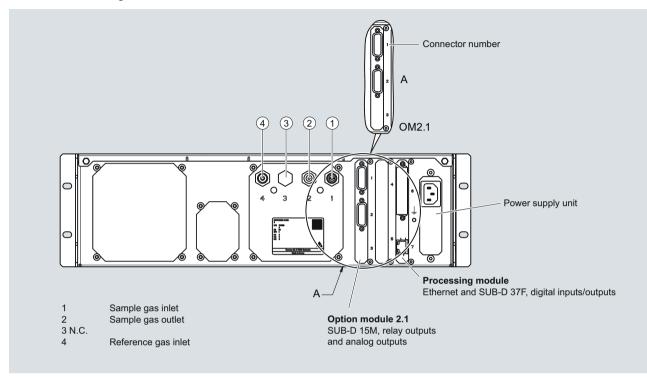


SIPROCESS GA700, wall housing, dimensions in mm

Basic device

Schematics

Connection of the signal cables

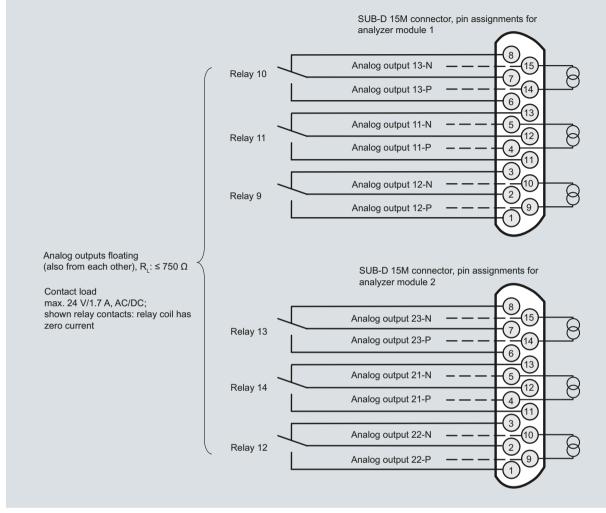


Expansion options for processing and option modules with the example of the rear wall of the rack unit

1

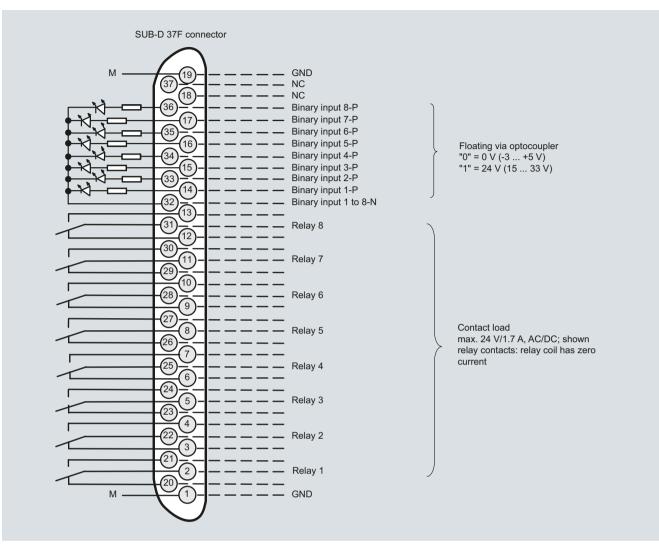
Basic device

Pin assignments (rack unit enclosure)



Pin assignments of option module 2.1

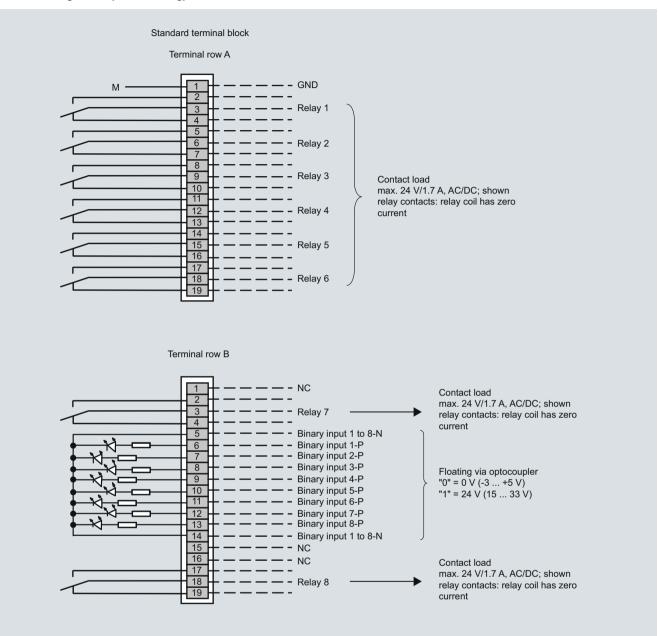
Basic device



Pin assignment of the processing module (basic unit)

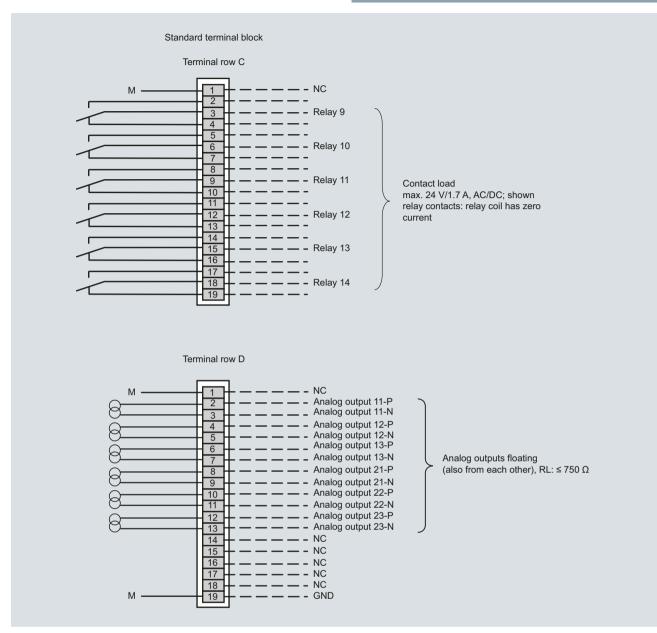
Basic device

Terminal assignment (wall housing)





Basic device



Terminal assignment, standard terminal block, terminal rows C and D

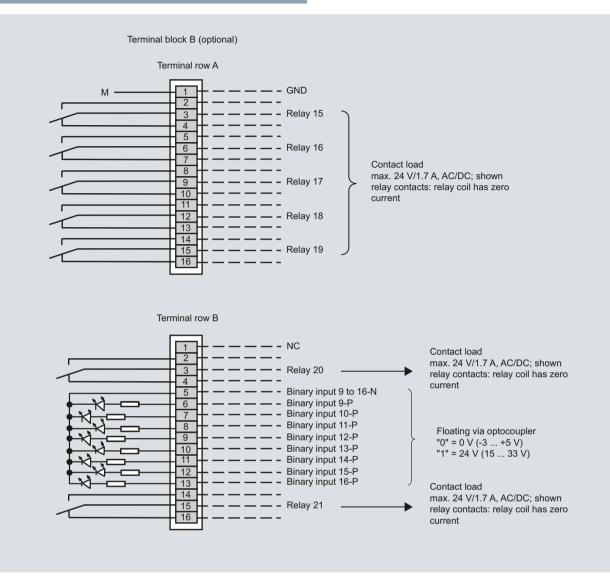
Assignment between terminal block and analyzer module

Terminal row C

Relays 9 to 11 correspond to status display of analyzer module 1 Relays 12 to 14 correspond to status display of analyzer module 2 <u>Terminal row D</u> Analog outputs 11 to 13 correspond to analyzer module 1

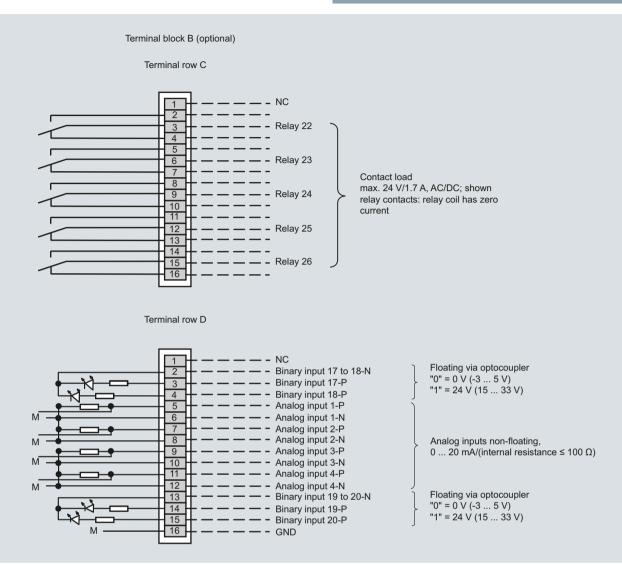
Analog outputs 21 to 23 correspond to analyzer module 2

Basic device



Terminal assignment, terminal block B, terminal rows A and B

Basic device



Terminal assignment, terminal block B, terminal rows C and D

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Overview

The function of the OXYMAT 7 analyzer module is based on the paramagnetic alternating pressure method and is used to measure oxygen in gases.

Benefits

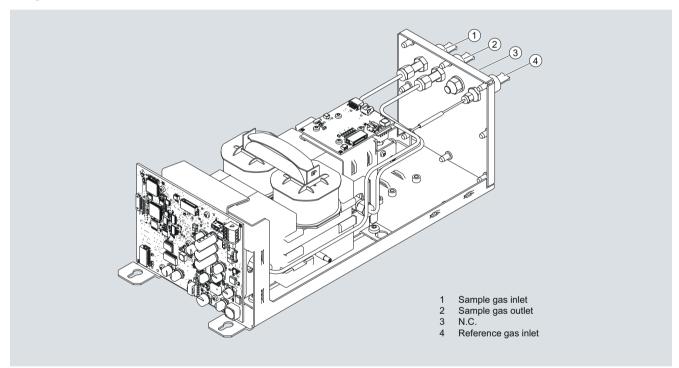
- Paramagnetic alternating pressure principle
- Small measuring ranges (0 to 0.5 % or 99.5 to 100 % O₂) - Absolute linearity
- Detector element has no contact with the sample gas
- Applicable in the absence of corrosive sample gases - Long service life
- Physically suppressed zero point possible, e.g. in the measuring range 98 % or 99.5 % to 100 % O₂

Design

Application

Application areas

- For boiler control in incineration plants
- In chemical plants
- For ultra-pure gas quality monitoring
- In environmental protection
- For quality control
- Purity control/air separator



Structure of high-pressure version, sample gas path with pipes

Designs - Parts wetted by sample gas, standard

Gas path		Material
With hoses	Bushing	PVDF
	Hose	FKM (e.g. Viton)
	Sample chamber	Stainless steel, mat. no. 1.4571
	O-rings/seals	FPM
	Restrictor	PTFE (e.g. Teflon)

Gas path	Material	
With pipes	Bushing	Stainless steel, mat. no. 1.4571
	Pipe	Stainless steel, mat. no. 1.4571
	Sample chamber	Stainless steel, mat. no. 1.4571
	Sample gas restrictor	Stainless steel, mat. no. 1.4571
	O-rings/seals	FKM (Viton) or FFKM (Kalrez)
Special applications		Materials adapted to the application

Options

Pressure switch	Diaphragm	FKM (Viton)	
	Enclosure	PA 6.3 T	

1

Analyzer module OXYMAT 7

Gas path

High-pressure version with optional pressure switch for monitoring reference gas pressure

Reference gas pressure

Sample gas pressure • With hoses

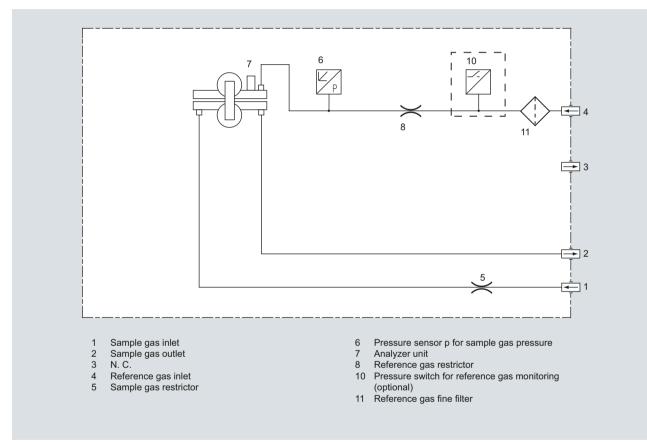
• With pipes

 $2\ 000\ \dots\ 4\ 000\ hPa$ above sample gas pressure, but max. 5 000 hPa

Max. 1 500 hPa above atmospheric pressure Max. 2 500 hPa above atmospheric pressure

With hoses or with pipes

Sample gas path

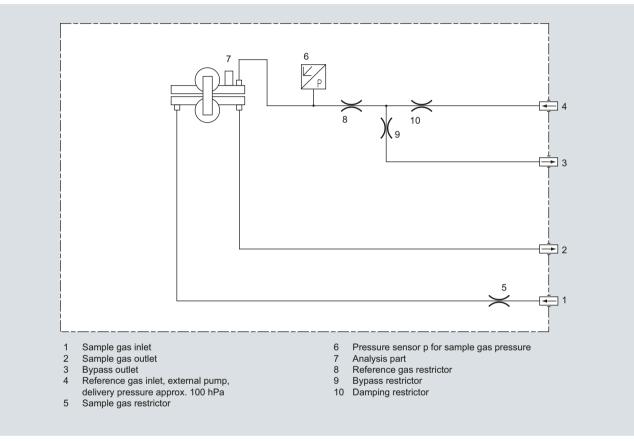


Gas path plan, high-pressure version with optional pressure switch for monitoring reference gas pressure

Analyzer module OXYMAT 7

Low-pressure version with external reference gas pump

Reference gas pressure	100 hPa above the sample gas pressure (low-pressure version) for the connection of an external pump
Sample gas pressure	Atmospheric pressure ± 50 hPa
Sample gas path	with hoses
Reference gas path	with hoses



Gas path plan, low-pressure with external reference gas pump, with hoses

Analyzer module OXYMAT 7

Mode of operation

Oxygen is highly paramagnetic. This outstanding property of paramagnetism is used as a physical measuring effect for oxygen analysis.

Oxygen molecules in an inhomogeneous magnetic field always move toward the higher field strength. This results in a higher oxygen concentration where the field strength is higher (higher oxygen partial pressure). If two gases with differing oxygen content are combined in a magnetic field, a (O₂ partial) pressure difference arises between them.

Since the measuring effect is always based on the difference of the oxygen content of the two gases, one refers to the sample and reference gases.

For measuring oxygen in the OXYMAT 7, the reference gas $(N_2,$ O₂ or air) flows through two channels into the sample chamber (6). One of these partial flows enters the measuring chamber (7) in the area of the magnetic field. If the sample gas is O2-free, the reference gas can flow out freely. If the sample gas does contain O₂, however, the oxygen molecules concentrate in the area of the magnetic field. The reference gas can then no longer flow off freely. An alternating pressure results between the two reference gas inlets. This pulsates in step with the magnetic field and depends on the oxygen concentration. This causes an alternating flow in the microflow sensor (4).

The microflow sensor consists of two nickel-plated grids heated to approximately 120°C, which, along with two supplementary resistors, form a Wheatstone bridge. The alternating flow results in a change in the resistance of the nickel-plated grids. The resulting offset in the bridge is a measure of the concentration of oxygen in the sample gas.

Because the microflow sensor is located in the reference gas flow, the measurement is not influenced by the thermal conductivity, the specific heat or the internal friction of the sample gas. Additionally, the microflow sensor is protected through this arrangement from corrosion caused by the sample gas.

Further information

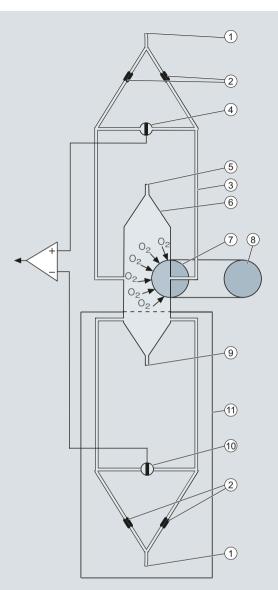
The oscillating magnetic field (8) means that the basic flow at the microflow sensor is not detected. The measurement is, thus, independent of the module's operating position or the position of the sample chamber.

The sample chamber is directly in the sample path and has a small volume, and the microflow sensor is a low-lag sensor. As a result, extremely short response times are realized.

Vibrations at the installation site can interfere with the measured signal (e.g. large fluctuations in the output signal). This behavior can be compensated for by a second (optional) microflow sensor (10), which functions as a vibration sensor. Since large differences in density between the sample and reference gases further amplify the undesired influence of vibration, reference gas is channeled to both the compensation microflow sensor (10) and the sample microflow sensor (4).

The sample gases must be fed into the analyzers free of dust. Condensation in the sample chambers must be prevented. Therefore, the use of gas modified for the measuring task is necessary in most application cases.

Flowing reference gas prevents the microflow sensor from being damaged and maintains the measurement capability of the analysis module.



- Reference gas inlet 1
- Restrictors 2
- 3 Reference gas channels
- 4 Microflow sensor for measured signal
- 5 Sample gas inlet
- 6 Sample chamber
- Source of the paramagnetic measuring effect
- Electromagnet with alternating current strength 8
- 9
- Sample gas and reference gas outlet
- 10 Microflow sensor in the vibration compensation system (order variant)
- 11 Compensation circuit (optional)

OXYMAT 7, principle of operation

Essential characteristics

Technical features

Depending on the reference gas, the physical zero point can be set between 0 % and 100 % oxygen.

- Smallest measuring spans (up to 0.5 % O₂) possible
- Measuring ranges with physically suppressed zero points possible (e.g. 99.5 % to 100 %)
- Short response time
- · Low long-term drift
- Also suitable for use with highly corrosive sample gases (material 1.4571 or Hastelloy C22)
- Monitoring of reference gas pressure with reference gas connection 3 000 to 5 000 hPa (abs.) (option)

Features

- Electrically isolated measured value output 0/4 to 20 mA (also inverted)
- Internal pressure sensor for correction of pressure variations in sample gas in the range from 500 to 2 500 hPa (absolute)
- External pressure sensor only with piping as the gas path can be connected for correction of variations in the sample gas pressure up to 3 000 hPa absolute (option)
- Monitoring of reference gas (option)
- Analysis part with flow-type compensation circuit as an order variant for reducing the vibration impact at the installation site
- For sample gas path with hoses: Connection cable to the pressure sensor with hoses
- · Hardware adapted to application
- Customer-specific analyzer options such as:
- Drift recording
 - Clean for O₂ service
 Kalrez gaskets
- Sample chamber for use in presence of highly corrosive sample gases

Reference gases

Measuring range	Recommended reference gas	Reference gas connection pressure	Comments
0 to vol.% O ₂	N ₂	2 000 4 000 hPa above sample gas	The reference gas flow is set auto-
to 100 vol.% O ₂ (suppressed zero with full-scale value 100 vol.% O ₂)	02	pressure (max. 5 000 hPa absolute)	matically to 5 10 ml/min (up to 20 ml/min with flow-type compensation branch)
Around 21 vol.% O_2 (suppressed zero point with 21 vol.% O_2 within the measuring span)	Air	100 hPa with respect to sample gas pressure, which may vary by max. 50 hPa around the atmospheric pres- sure	

Table 1: Reference gases for OXYMAT 7

Correction of zero point error/cross-sensitivities

Accompanying gas	Zero point deviation	Inert gases	
(concentration 100 vol.%)	in vol.% O ₂ absolute	Helium He	+0,33
Organic gases		Neon Ne	+0,17
Ethane C ₂ H ₆	-0,49	Argon Ar	-0,25
Ethene (ethylene) C_2H_4	-0,22	Krypton Kr	-0,55
Ethine (acetylene) C ₂ H ₂	-0,29	Xenon Xe	-1,05
1.2 butadiene C ₄ H ₆	-0,65	Inorganic gases	
1.3 butadiene C ₄ H ₆	-0,49	Ammonia NH ₃	-0,20
n-butane C ₄ H ₁₀	-1,26	Hydrogen bromide HBr	-0.76
iso-butane C ₄ H ₁₀	-1,30	Chlorine Cl ₂	-0,94
1-butene C ₄ H ₈	-0,96	Hydrogen chloride HCI	-0,35
iso-butene C ₄ H ₈	-1,06	Dinitrogen monoxide N ₂ O	-0,23
Dichlorodifluoromethane (R12) CCI_2F_2	-1,32	Hydrogen fluoride HF	+0,10
Acetic acid CH ₃ COOH	-0,64	Hydrogen iodide HI	-1,19
n-heptane C ₇ H ₁₆	-2,40	Carbon dioxide CO ₂	-0,30
n-hexane C ₆ H ₁₄	-2,02	Carbon monoxide CO	+0,07
Cyclo-hexane C ₆ H ₁₂	-1,84	Nitrogen oxide NO	+42.94
Methane CH ₄	-0,18	Nitrogen N ₂	0,00
Methanol CH ₃ OH	-0,31	Nitrogen dioxide NO ₂	+20,00
n-octane C ₈ H ₁₈	-2,78	Sulfur dioxide SO ₂	-0,20
n-pentane C ₅ H ₁₂	-1,68	Sulfur hexafluoride SF_6	-1,05
iso-pentane C ₅ H ₁₂	-1,49	Hydrogen sulfide H ₂ S	-0,44
Propane C ₃ H ₈	-0,87	Water H ₂ O	-0,03
Propylene C ₃ H ₆	-0,64	Hydrogen H ₂	+0,26
Trichlorofluoromethane (R11) CCl ₃ F	-1,63		+0,20
Vinyl chloride C ₂ H ₃ Cl	-0,77		
Vinyl fluoride C ₂ H ₃ F	-0,55		
1.1 vinylidene chloride $C_2H_2CI_2$	-1,22		

Table 2: Zero point error due to diamagnetism or paramagnetism of some carrier gases with nitrogen as the reference gas at 60°C and 1 000 hPa absolute (according to IEC 1207/3)

Conversion to other temperatures:

The deviations from the zero point listed in Table 2 must be multiplied by a correction factor (k):

- with diamagnetic gases: k = 333 K / (ϕ [°C] + 273 K)
- with paramagnetic gases: k = [333 K / (ϕ [°C] + 273 K)]^2

(All diamagnetic gases have a negative deviation from zero point).

Technical specifications

The technical specifications are based on the definitions of DIN EN 61207-1.

Unless specified otherwise, the data listed below relates to the following measurement conditions:

Ambient temperature	25 °C	Signal rise time or rate of 1 I/min, a si
Atmospheric pressure	Atmospheric (approx. 1 000 hPa)	constant and a dy constant of 0 s
Sample gas flow	0.6 l/min (or NI/min)	Time for device-in
Reference gas	Nitrogen	processing
Site of installation	Vibration- and impact-free	Delayed display T
General information		Measuring respo
Weight	Approx. 5.5 kg (standard version)	Output signal fluct
Measuring ranges		
Number of measuring ranges	Max. 4; parameters can be assigned freely	
Parameters can be assigned in the measuring ranges		Detection limit
 Smallest possible measuring spans 	0.5 % (\geq 1 % for high-temperature model), 2 % or 5 % O ₂	
 Largest possible measuring spans 	100 % O ₂	Measured-value d
Gas inlet conditions		
Sample gas pressure		Repeatability
Devices with tubesDevices with pipes	500 1 500 hPa (abs.)	Linearity error with reference gas
	500 to 2 000 bDa (aba);	Influencing varial
- Without vibration compensation	500 to 3 000 hPa (abs.); short-term max. 5 000 hPa (abs.)	Ambient temperat
- With vibration compensation	500 to 2 500 hPa (abs.); short-term max. 5 000 hPa (abs.)	At the zero point
Correction of the internal pressure sensor		
 Devices with tubes 	500 1 450 hPa (abs.)	 At span
Devices with pipes	500 2 450 hPa (abs.)	
Reference gas pressure		Sample gas press
High-pressure connection	0.2 to 0.4 MPa above the sample gas pressure, but a maximum of 0.5 MPa (absolute)	Without pressure
- Without vibration compensation	2 000 3 500 hPa above sample gas pressure; max. 5 000 hPa (abs.)	 With pressure consultant
- With vibration compensation	2 500 4 000 hPa above sample gas pressure; max. 5 000 hPa (abs.)	
 Low-pressure connection with exter- nal reference gas pump (only for sample gas pressure 500 1 500 hPa (absolute)) 	100 hPa above the sample gas pressure	Sample gas flow
Pressure loss between sample gas inlet and sample gas outlet	< 100 hPa at 1 l/min	Carrier gases
Sample gas flow	18 60 l/h (0.3 1 l/min)	Supply voltage (flu
Sample gas temperature	0 60 °C	supply voltage of t
Sample gas humidity (rel. humidity)	< 90 % (condensation inside the gas path is to be avoided)	range of 90 to 253
Sample chamber temperature		
Standard version	Approx. 72 °C	

Time response

< 2 h
< 0.5 s
<1s
approx. 1 s
T90 < T10 + rise or fall time + signal processing time
≤ 0.5 % of the current measuring span (6 σ value) for a static attenuation constant of 0 s and a dynamic attenuation setting of 5 % / 10 s (with activated vibration compensation: 1.5 times the value
≤ 1 % of smallest measuring span according to nameplate (with vibra- tion compensation activated: 1.5 times the value)
\leq 0.5 %/month of current measuring span or \leq 50 vpm oxygen, whichever is larger
\leq 0.5 % of current measuring span
≤ 0,1 %
\leq 0.5 % of smallest measuring span according to nameplate/10 K or \leq 50 vpm O ₂ /10 K, whichever is larger
\leq 0.5 % of the current measuring span/10 K or \leq 50 vpm O ₂ /10 K, whichever is larger
Deviation approx. 2 % of current measuring span/1 % pressure variation
≤ 0.2 % of the current measuring span/1 % pressure variation or ≤ 50 vpm $O_2/1$ % pressure variation, whichever is larger
\leq 1 % of the current measuring span with a flow rate change of 0.1 l/min within the permissible flow range (0.3 1 l/min)
Zero point deviation (cross-sensitiv- ity) in accordance with Table A.1 of EN 61207-3
≤ 0.1 % of full-scale value of characteristic

Analyzer module OXYMAT 7

Electrical inputs and outputs			
Analog and digital interfaces	See basic unit		
Gas connections			
With hoses	Plastic screw connection for plastic pipe or tube 4 mm/6 mm		
With pipes	Connection for threaded joint; ISO female thread 1/8"		
Climatic conditions			
Storage and transport	-30 70 °C		
Permissible ambient temperature (for operation in basic unit)	0 50 °C		
Relative humidity (RH) during storage, transport or operation	< 90 % (condensation from the installed components is to be avoided)		
Materials of wetted parts			
Sample chamber	Stainless steel: • Plates: Mat. No. 1.4571 (X6CrNiMoTi 17-12-2) • Screw-in glands: Mat. No. 1.4404 (X2CrNiMo17-12-2) Hastelloy C22: • Plates: Mat. No. 2.4602 (NiCr21Mo14W) • Screw-in glands: Mat. No. 2.4819 (NiMo16Cr15W)		
Gas path • With hoses	FPM (e.g. Viton), connections PVDF		
With pipes	Stainless steel: Pipes: Mat. No. 1.4571 (X6CrNiMoTi 17-12-2) Gas connections: Mat. No. 1.4404 (X2CrNiMo 17-12-2)		
	Hastelloy C22: • Pipes: Mat. No. 2.4602 (NiCr21Mo14W) • Gas connections: Mat. No. 2.4819 (NiMo16Cr15W)		
Sealing material	FPM (e.g. Viton) or FFKM Com- pound 2035 (e.g. Kalrez 2035 (see device certificate))		
Special applications			
Gas path			

Gas pathWith pipes

Materials adapted to the application

Analyzer module OXYMAT 7

Selection and ordering data		Order No.	Order No.		
Analyzer module OXYMAT 7			7MB3020-)- AA0	Cannot be
For measurement of oxygen					combined
Integrated into basic unit ¹⁾					
Rack unit			0		
Wall-mounted device			1		
Reference gas pressure					
Low-pressure version 100 hPa (for the connection of an external pump; without pressure switch)			A		A A
High pressure (3 000 5 000 hPa) (absolute pressure values)			С		
High pressure (3 000 5 000 hPa) (absolute pressure values), with pressure switch		D			
Smallest measuring range	Largest measuring range				
0 0,5 %	0 100 %		В		В
0 1 %	0 100 %		С		С
0 2 %	0 100 %		D		
0 5 %	0 100 %		E		
Gas path			_		
Material of gas path	Material of sample chamber	Temperature of analysis part			
Hose made of FKM (Viton)	Stainless steel (1.4571)	72 °C (thermostatted)	0		
Pipe made of stainless steel (1.4571)	Stainless steel (1.4571)	72 °C (thermostatted)	2		2
Vibration compensation					
Without				0	
1)	(

¹⁾ With order code "W01", please specify option "0".

Selection and ordering data	
Additional versions	Order code
Add "-Z" to Order No. and specify order code	
Delivery	
Supplied separately	W01
Integrated into the basic unit pos. no (plain text); slot 1 (see dimensional drawing)	Y01
Integrated into the basic unit pos. no (plain text); slot 2 (see dimensional drawing)	Y02
Settings	
Measuring range data in plain text, if different from the standard setting	Y11

Ordering examples

OXYMAT 7 module in rack unit enclosure "Example1"

7MB3000-0DX00-2AA0-Z + Y01 "Example1"

7MB3020-0AD00-0AA0-Z + Y01 "Example1"

OXYMAT 7 module in wall housing "Example2"

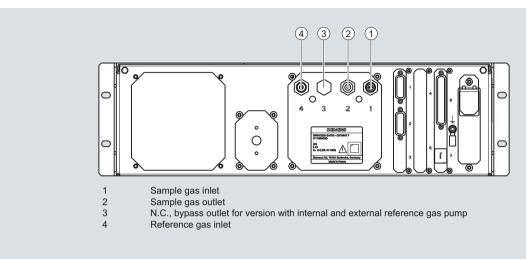
7MB3000-3DX00-2AA0-Z + Y01 "Example2"

7MB3020-0AD00-0AA0-Z + Y01 "Example2"

Analyzer module OXYMAT 7

Schematics

Gas connections



Version with pipes

The gas connections are equipped with screw-in glands (ISO female thread 1/8"). This ensures that threaded joints can be used for pipes with a diameter of 1/4" and also with a diameter of 6 mm.

The external gas lines are screwed on to the sample gas inlet (1), sample gas outlet (2) and reference gas inlet.

Version with hoses

The gas connections consist of PVDF. Tubes made of FPM (e.g. Viton) or of PTFE (Teflon) with an inner diameter of 4 mm and wall thickness of 1 mm can be connected to the gas connections. The tubes are fastened with the screw cap of the PVDF screwed gland.

The reference gas connection is a screw connection as with the piped version (see above).

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